

NAME

Chapter 2 Lesson 2 (pp. 29–30)

Combine Sentences to Show Relationships Between Ideas



Activity A Choose the word in parentheses that best completes the sentence.

EXAMPLE Fables are important for children (but, because) they teach a lesson.

1. “The Tortoise and the Hare” is one of Aesop’s most famous fables, (and, nevertheless) it has been reproduced in multiple forms.
2. The overconfident hare underestimates the tortoise’s ability to win; (similarly, therefore), he doesn’t take the race seriously.
3. The tortoise trails the hare by a significant distance, (so, because) the hare stops under a tree to rest.
4. (In regard to, Despite his) sluggish pace, the tortoise eventually wins the race.
5. (Because of, With) its essential moral, the story has been passed down for years.



Activity B

Combine the sentences in a way that makes the relationship clear.

1. *Aesop’s Fables* is credited to Aesop. He didn’t technically write it.

2. Aesop is said to have been a slave when he created his fables. His stories were told orally and are remembered today.

3. One of his stories is “The Boy Who Cried Wolf.” The boy in the story cries, “Wolf!” There is no wolf. Later, there really is a wolf. No one comes to help him.

4. Animals are extremely common in fables. Not all fables are about animals.
